CLAIMS

What is claimed is:

1. A plasma enhanced chemical vapor deposition process comprising: admitting a hydrocarbon gas into a deposition chamber; admitting titanium tetrachloride gas into the deposition chamber; forming a plasma in the deposition chamber having at a power level greater than a first

ionization energy, but less than a second ionization energy, of the hydrocarbon gas for forming hydrocarbon radicals therein; and

heating a substrate to a temperature for some of the radicals formed from the hydrocarbon gas to react with some of the chlorine atoms from the titanium tetrachloride gas for depositing titanium metal on a portion of a surface of the substrate.

- 2. The process of claim 1, wherein the substrate is heated to a temperature within a range of about 200°C to about 500° C.
- 3. The process of claim 1, wherein the hydrocarbon gas is selected from a group of compounds comprising C_nH_{2n+2} , C_nH_{2n} and C_nH_{2n-2} .
- 4. The process of claim 1, wherein the hydrocarbon gas comprises an alkane having fewer than five carbon atoms per molecule.
 - 5. The process of claim 4, wherein the hydrocarbon gas includes methane.
- 6. The process of claim 1, further comprising: mounting the substrate on a susceptor; heating the susceptor; and heating the substrate using the susceptor.

- 7. The process of claim 1, wherein the titanium tetrachloride gas includes a titanium tetrachloride gas mixed with a carrier gas selected from a group consisting of helium, argon and hydrogen.
- 8. The process of claim 7, wherein the titanium tetrachloride gas includes titanium tetrachloride gas introduced into said carrier gas using a bubbler apparatus.
- 9. The process of claim 7, wherein a liquid injector sprays the titanium tetrachloride and passes through a vaporizer.
- 10. The process of claim 1, wherein the hydrocarbon gas includes a hydrocarbon gas mixed with a carrier gas selected from a group consisting of helium and argon.
 - 11. The process of claim 1, further comprising: removing reaction products from the deposition chamber during the process.
- 12. The process of claim 11, wherein an alkyl chloride gas comprises a reaction product.
- 13. The process of claim 1, wherein the deposition chamber comprises a cold wall deposition chamber, the walls thereof maintained at a temperature within a preferred range of about 100°C to about 200° C. for preventing condensation of titanium tetrachloride thereon.
- 14. The process of claim 1, wherein the deposition chamber comprises a hot wall deposition chamber.
- 15. The process of claim 1, wherein the plasma comprises a plasma produced with a radio frequency source.

- 16. The process of claim 15, wherein the radio frequency source comprises a radio frequency source having a power setting within a range of about 20 watts to about 100 watts.
- 17. The process of claim 15, wherein the radio frequency source comprises a radio frequency source having a frequency greater than about 10KHz.
- 18. The process of claim 1, wherein the deposition chamber comprises a deposition chamber for maintaining a pressure within a range of about 2 torr to about 100 torr.
- 19. The process of claim 1, wherein the deposition chamber comprises a deposition chamber for maintaining a pressure within a preferred range of about 2 torr to about 5 torr.
- 20. The process of claim 1, further comprising:

 premixing the titanium tetrachloride gas and the hydrocarbon gas before being admitted to the deposition chamber.
- 21. The process of claim 20, wherein a ratio of the hydrocarbon gas to the titanium tetrachloride gas comprising the premixture thereof comprises a ratio of between about four and about one thousand to one.
 - 22. The process of claim 1, wherein the substrate comprises a semiconductor wafer.
- 23. A plasma enhanced chemical vapor deposition process comprising: admitting hydrocarbon gas into a deposition chamber; admitting titanium tetrachloride gas into the deposition chamber; forming a plasma within the deposition chamber of the hydrocarbon gas for forming hydrocarbon radicals;

- maintaining the plasma at a power level greater than a first ionization energy, but less than a second ionization energy, of the hydrocarbon gas for forming the hydrocarbon radicals; and
- heating a semiconductor wafer to a temperature sufficient to induce some of the hydrocarbon radicals to react with some chlorine atoms from the titanium tetrachloride gas for forming chlorinated hydrocarbon molecules for depositing titanium metal on a portion of a surface of the semiconductor wafer.
- 24. The process of claim 23, further comprising: maintaining the deposition chamber at a pressure within a range of about 2 torr to about 10 torr.
- 25. The process of claim 23, wherein the power level comprises a radio frequency source operating at a power setting within a range of about 20 watts to about 100 watts and at a frequency greater than about 10 KHz.
 - 26. The process of claim 23, further comprising:

premixing the titanium tetrachloride gas and the hydrocarbon gas for their admission to the deposition chamber in a ratio of hydrocarbon gas to the titanium tetrachloride gas being between about four and about one thousand to one.

- 27. The process of claim 23, wherein the hydrocarbon gas includes methane.
- 28. The process of claim 23, wherein the hydrocarbon gas includes a hydrocarbon gas selected from a group consisting of compounds C_nH_{2n+2} , C_nH_{2n} and C_nH_{2n-2} .